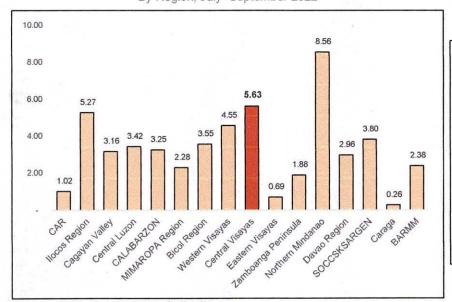


CATTLE SITUATION REPORT in Central Visayas July- September 2022 Preliminary Result

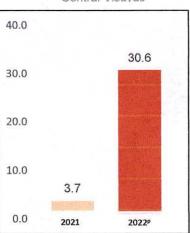
Date of Release: 01 February 2023 Reference No.: 2023-SR07-007

The total cattle production of Central Visayas from July to September 2022 was estimated at 5.63 thousand metric tons, liveweight. This was 30.6 percent higher than the previous year's same quarter production of 4.31 thousand metric tons. It increased annually from 3.7 percent in 2021 to 30.6 percent growth rate in 2022. (Fig. 1 & Fig. 2 and Table 1)

Figure 1: Volume of Cattle Production (In thousand metric tons, liveweight) By Region, July- September 2022^p





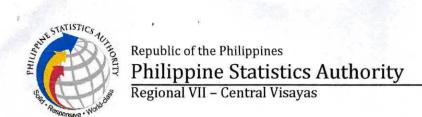


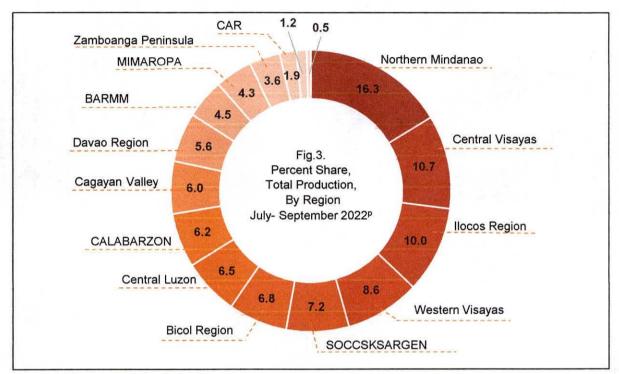
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

p- Preliminary

Among all regions, Central Visayas ranked the 2nd producer of cattle during the quarter. Northern Mindanao accounted the highest production with 8.56 thousand metric tons, liveweight during the quarter. Among the top five producing regions were Ilocos Region, Western Visayas and SOCCSKSARGEN with 5.266 thousand metric tons, liveweight, 4.55 thousand metric tons, liveweight and 3.80 thousand metric tons, liveweight, respectively. Meanwhile, Eastern Visayas and Caraga regions accounted with the lowest production of 0.69 and 0.26 thousand metric tons, liveweight, respectively. (Figure 1 and Table 1)







Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

P- preliminary

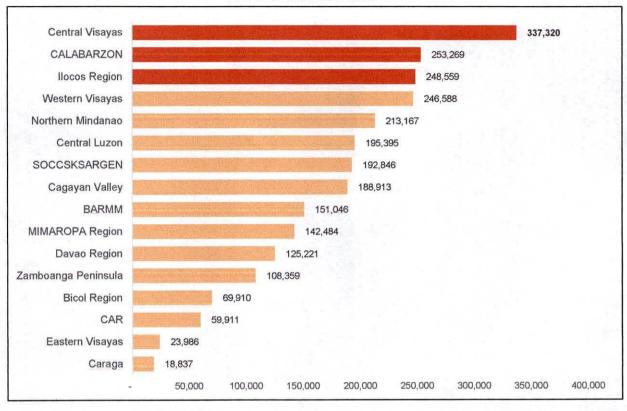
In terms of percent share, Northern Mindanao was the major contributor with 16.3 percent to the country's total cattle production. The region's percent share was 10.7 percent. Meanwhile, Caraga Region shared the lowest with 0.5 percent. (Fig 3 and Table 1)

Relative to their levels in the same quarter of 2021, six regions exhibited improvements in production during the quarter. Central Visayas posted the highest increase of 1.32 thousand metric tons, liveweight from 4.31 thousand metric tons, liveweight in the same quarter of the previous year to 5.63 metric tons, liveweight this third quarter of 2022. (Table 1)





Fig. 4. Distribution of Cattle Inventory, By Region As of 30 September 2022^p



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

p- revised

As of 30 September 2022, the region's total cattle inventory posted at 337,320 heads. Along with Central Visayas, CALABARZON and Ilocos Region reported with the highest cattle inventory during the quarter with 253, 269 heads and 248, 559 heads, respectively. These three top regions comprised a total percent share of 32.5 percent of that country's total cattle inventory.



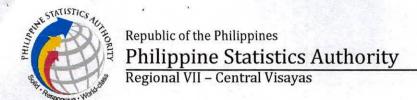
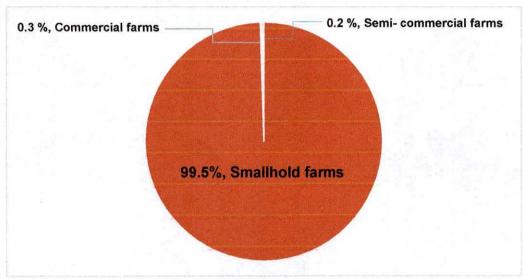


Fig.5. Distribution of Cattle Inventory by Classification* Central Visavas: as of 30 September 2022^p



^{*-} Based on new classification of animals per PSA Board Resolution No. 04, series of 2022 dated 13 May 2022

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Of the region's total cattle inventory, smallhold farms accounted for 99.5 percent, while the remaining comprised the semi-commercial farms and commercial farms with corresponding shares of 0.2 percent and 0.3 percent, respectively. (Figure 5)

Prepared by:

CAYYLORD D. NIALA
Senior Statistical Specialist

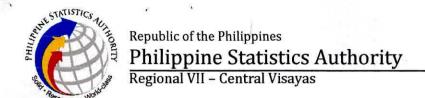
Approved by:

ARIEL E. FLORENDO
Regional Director





P- preliminary



STATISTICAL TABLES

Table 1. Volume of Cattle Production by Region, July-September 2022^p

Region	Production (in thousand metric tons, liveweight)		Growth Rate		Percent Share to 2022 ^p	Rank	
	2020	2021	2022 ^p	2021	2022 ^p		
Philippines	53.36	51.97	52.61	-2.6	1.2	100.0	
CAR	1.08	1.06	1.02	-1.0	-4.3	1.9	14
Ilocos Region	6.69	4.63	5.27	-30.8	13.7	10.0	3
Cagayan Valley	3.13	3.10	3.16	-1.0	2.0	6.0	9
Central Luzon	3.46	3.65	3.42	13.4	-6.3	6.5	7
CALABARZON	1.99	3.72	3.25	7.6	-12.6	6.2	8
MIMAROPA Region	3.79	2.31	2.28	15.7	-0.9	4.3	12
Bicol Region	3.79	3.88	3.55	2.5	-8.5	6.8	6
Western Visayas	4.85	4.35	4.55	-10.2	4.5	8.6	
Central Visayas	4.16	4.31	5.63	3.7	30.6	10.7	2
Eastern Visayas	0.53	0.69	0.69	30.6	-7.4	1.2	15
Zamboanga Peninsula	4.01	2.38	1.88	-40.7	-20.8	3.6	13
Northern Mindanao	7.62	8.28	8.56	8.6	3.4	16.3	1
Davao Region	2.88	2.78	2.96	-3.7	6.7	5.6	10
SOCCSKSARGEN	3.98	4.00	3.80	0.5	-5.1	7.2	5
Caraga	0.38	0.33	0.26	-13.8	-19.0	0.5	16
BARMM	1.60	2.51	2.38	56.6	-5.1	4.5	11

P-Preliminary

Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding. Growth rates and percent share may yield different results when computed manually due to rounding.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority



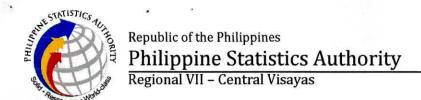


Table 2. Cattle Inventory by Region, Philippines As of 30 September 2022^p

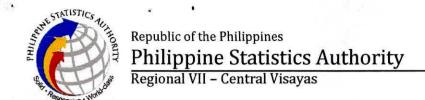
Region		Percent Share to				
region	Smallhold	Semi- commercial	Commercial	Total	Criaro to	
Philippines	2,266,606	235,375	73,830	2,575,811	100.0	
CAR	56,435	3,476		59,911	2.3	
Ilocos Region	239,941	7,513	1,105	248,559	9.6	
Cagayan Valley	182,643	1,801	4,469	188,913	7.3	
Central Luzon	135,175	53,712	6,508	195,395	7.6	
CALABARZON	145,581	98,274	9,414	253,269	9.8	
MIMAROPA Region	66,245	1,560	2,105	69,910	2.7	
Bicol Region	127,628	8,592	6,264	142,484	5.5	
Western Visayas	233,417	11,944	1,227	246,588	9.6	
Central Visayas	335,753	631	936	337,320	13.1	
Eastern Visayas	22,077	1,909	••	23,986	0.9	
Zamboanga Peninsula	102,830	5,529	••	108,359	4.2	
Northern Mindanao	173,140	6,165	33,862	213,167	8.3	
Davao Region	119,551	1,855	3,815	125,221	4.9	
SOCCSKSARGEN	187,769	952	4,125	192,846	7.5	
Caraga	17,708	1,129		18,837	0.7	
BARMM	120,713	30,333		151,046	5.9	

p -Preliminary

Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding. Growth rates and percent share may yield different results when computed manually due to rounding.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority





EXPLANATORY NOTES

This Cattle Situation Report presents the cattle industry in terms of volume of production, inventory by region, and average farmgate prices. The report is prepared to serve as a ready reference for the various clients and stakeholders in the agriculture sector of the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA). It is released quarterly, that is, every February, May, August, and November.

Concepts and Definitions

Volume of production refers to the number of tended/raised cattle disposed for slaughter including animals shipped-out for slaughter. This is expressed in metric tons, liveweight.

Inventory refers to the actual number of goat present in the farm as of a specific reference date. The following are the new farm classifications and definitions based on the approved <u>PSA Board Resolution No. 04, series of 2022:</u>

Classification	Definition*
Smallhold	Tending not more than five (5) cows
Semi-commercial	Tending six (6) to 50 heads of cows
Commercial	Tending 51 cows and above

^{&#}x27;Based on Animal Unit index.

The data on inventory of cattle by farm type (i.e., backyard and commercial) can still be accessed in the OpenSTAT website of PSA with the link:

https://openstat.psa.gov.ph/PXWeb/pxweb/en/DB/DB__2E__LP/0022E4 FINL0.px/?rxid=bdf9d8da-96f1-4100-ae09-18cb3eaeb313.

Farmgate price refers to the price received by raisers for their produce at the location of farm. Thus, marketing costs, such as transport and other marketing costs (if any) incurred in selling the produce, are not included in the farmgate prices. The 2020 to 2021 farmgate prices included in this special release were sourced from Price Statistics Division (PSD), while the 2022 farmgate prices were based on the surveys of Livestock and Poultry Statistics Division (LPSD).

